TO THE CITIZENS OF PRECINCT 5-3:

Justice Court is here for your benefit and it is our job to help you in any way possible.

However, the Rules of Judicial Ethics prohibit this office:

- 1.) From giving legal advice
- 2.) Telling either party how to represent their case
- 3.) Expressing opinions of the law

We must remain impartial. We cannot hear any part of the case or discuss the merits of any case, unless all parties are present.

The information contained herein is <u>FOR YOUR INFORMATION</u> and is offered as a guide to all interested parties. As always, we recommend that you seek some form of sound legal advice.

In addition, a copy of the RULES FOR JUSTICE COURT CASES is available for reading only at our office should you need them for reference.

PLEASE DO NOT ASK US TO VIOLATE THESE RULES

Thank you, Judge Juanita "Janie" Jaimez

EVICTION SUITS

An eviction suit must be filed in the County and Precinct where the rental property is located.

NOTICE TO VACATE: The landlord must give the tenant a written notice to vacate. It must state the reason for demand of property and give a specific date by which the tenant must vacate the property. The notice must be signed by the landlord or landlord's agent and must include the date and time of delivery to the tenant. The notice to vacate shall be given in person or by mail at the property in question. Notice in person may be by personal delivery to the tenant or any person residing at the premises who is 16 years of age or older or personal delivery to the premises and affixing the notice to the inside of the main entry door. If the property has no mailbox and has a keyless bolting device, alarm system, or dangerous animal that prevents the landlord from entering the premises to leave the notice to vacate on the inside of the main entry door, then the landlord may affix the notice to the outside of the main entry door. Notice by mail may be by regular mail. Unless there is a written lease regulating the notice requirements, the landlord must give the tenant 72 hours (3 days) notice to vacate in cases pertaining to non-payment of rent and/or the required days under the property code for breach of lease.

<u>WHO MAY FILE</u>: The owner of the property or the owner's agent may file the eviction suit. The agent may represent the owner in cases pertaining to non-payment of rent and holding over. All other types of cases, (breach of lease, foreclosure, etc.) must be represented by the owner or the owner's attorney.

<u>SUIT FOR RENT</u>: When an eviction suit is filed for non-payment of rent, the landlord may include in the suit any unpaid back rent that is owed by the tenant. The amount must be within the jurisdictional limit of the Court which is \$20,000.00 (<u>Any damages, late charges or other charges may not be included in the suit, however, the landlord may file another suit in small claims court for these amounts.)</u>

FILING AN EVICTION SUIT: If the tenant does not vacate the property by the date given in the notice; the landlord or agent may then file an eviction suit. The landlord or agent must fill out the enclosed petitions and affidavit. The petition and affidavit must be signed in front of the court clerk or in front of a notary public. Bring to this office, the petition and affidavit, a copy of notice to vacate and the filing fees in the amount of \$56.00 and service fees in the amount of \$90.00 per tenant. Each tenant that has signed the lease must be served with a citation. Cash, check, money order, or credit card will be accepted. At the time of filing, a hearing date will be set by the Court. The date will be 10 to 21 days from the date of filing. A citation for each tenant will be issued to the CAMERON COUNTY CONSTABLE OR SHERIFF'S OFFICE to be served on the tenant. The citation notifies the tenant that they are being sued for eviction and they are commanded to appear at the date and time of hearing. Either party has a right to a JURY TRIAL. A \$24.00 jury fee must be paid prior to the hearing date.

<u>HEARING</u>: The landlord or landlord's agent must appear in court for the hearing. <u>Proper representation is essential</u>. The landlord or agent must appear with all pertinent evidence pertaining to the case, (lease, notice to vacate, etc.). The burden of proof lies with the landlord. The landlord or agent must show the Court good and sufficient evidence proving right to regain possession of the property.

If the landlord fails to appear for the hearing, the case will be dismissed by the Court and the landlord will have forfeited all costs and will have to start the process over.

If the landlord wishes to drop the suit for whatever reason, (tenant moves, pays rent, etc.) a letter of dismissal is requested by the Court. Please notify the Court prior to the hearing so the docket can be adjusted. At the hearing, a judgement will be entered for either the landlord or the tenant. Either party has the right to appeal the decision of the Court within 5 days from date of the judgement.

If a judgement is rendered in favor of the landlord, the tenant has 5 days to vacate the property or appeal the decision of the Court. If they do not, the landlord has the right to obtain a Writ of Possession.

<u>WRIT OF POSSESSION</u>: A writ of possession is a legal document issued to the Constable or Sheriff's Office by the Court directing them to take possession of the property and turn the possession over to the landlord. The costs of a writ is \$200.00 plus \$7.00 preparation fee by the court. The Constable or Sheriff's Office is required to give the tenant notice that the writ will be executed not sooner than 24 hours after the notice is posted. When the writ is executed, the Constable or the Sheriff's Office will turn the premises over to the landlord.

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING <u>PROCEDURES</u> YOU MAY CONTACT OUR OFFICE. THE JUDGE <u>WILL NOT DISCUSS</u> THE CASE WITH EITHER PARTY PRIOR TO THE HEARING. THE CLERK'S WILL TRY TO ANSWER ANY <u>PROCEDURAL</u> QUESTIONS, HOWEVER, THEY ARE NOT ATTORNEYS AND WILL NOT ANSWER ANY <u>LEGAL</u> QUESTIONS. IF YOU HAVE ANY <u>LEGAL</u> QUESTIONS, PLEASE CONTACT ANY ATTORNEY OR CONSULT THE TEXAS PROPERTY CODE WHICH IS AVAILABLE AT THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

JUSTICE COURT CIVIL CASE INFORMATION SHEET (4/13)

CAUSE NUMBER (FOR CLERK USE	E ONLY):		
STYLED			
(e.g., John Smith v. All Am	erican Insurance Co; In re N	Mary Ann Jone	es; In the Matter of the Estate of George Jackson)
best available at the time of filing. This s	sheet, required by Rule of 6 s nor supplements the filing	Civil Procedur gs or service of	ition is filed to initiate a new suit. The information should be the re 502, is intended to collect information that will be used for pleading or other documents as required by law or rule. The not admissible at trial.
1. Contact information for persor sheet:	completing case info	rmation	2. Names of parties in case:
Name:	Telephone:		Plaintiff(s):
Address:	Fax:		
City/State/Zip:	State Bar No:		Defendant(s):
Email:			
Signature:			[Attach additional page as necessary to list all parties]
3. Indicate case type, or identify t	he most important iss	sue in the ca	ase (select only 1):
□ Debt Claim : A debt claim case is a lawsuit brought to recover a debt by an assignee of a claim, a debt collector or collection agency, a financial institution, or a person or entity primarily engaged in the business of lending money at interest. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.		□ Eviction: An eviction case is a lawsuit brought to recover possession of real property, often by a landlord against a tenant. A claim for rent may be joined with an eviction case if the amount of rent due and unpaid is not more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.	
Repair and Remedy: A repair and remedy case is a lawsuit filed by a residential tenant under Chapter 92, Subchapter B of the Texas Property Code to enforce the landlord's duty to repair or remedy a condition materially affecting the physical health or safety of an ordinary tenant. The relief sought can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.		☐ Small Claims: A small claims case is a lawsuit brought for the recovery of money damages, civil penalties, personal property, or other relief allowed by law. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.	

PETITION: EVICTION CASE

CASE NO. (court use only)	With suit for Rent	COURT DATE:	
PLAINTIFF	In the Justice Court,	Precinct,	County, Texas
(Landlord/Property Name)	 Rental	Subsidy (if any)	\$
VS.		s's Portion	\$
DEFENDANT(S):	TOTAL	MONTHLY RENT	\$
COMPLAINT: Plaintiff (Landlord) hereby complains of the storerooms and parking areas) located in the above precin		•	tiff's premises (including
Street Address Unit No. (If ar	ny) City	State	Zip
1. SERVICE OF CITATION: Service is requested on defer allowed by the Texas Justice Court Rules of Court. O			-
2. UNPAID RENT AS GROUNDS FOR EVICTION: DE			
Plaintiff reserves the right to orally amend the amount			
3. OTHER GROUNDS FOR EVICTION/LEASE VIOLAT	TIONS: Lease Violations (if o	ther than non-paid r	ent – list lease violations)
4. HOLDOVER AS GROUNDS FOR EVICTION: Defe of the rental term or renewal of extension period, when the second secon			
5. NOTICE TO VACATE: Plaintiff has given defendant(s) Property Code) and demand for possession. Such no delivered by this method:			
6. ATTORNEY'S FEES: Plaintiff will be or will N phone & fax numbers are:			ney's name, address, and
7. BOND FOR POSSESSION: If Plaintiff has filed a bond and defendant's counter bond be set, (2) that prequired by the Texas Justice Court Rules are given to	plaintiff's bond be approved		
REQUEST FOR JUDGMENT: Plaintiff prays that dagainst defendant(s) for: possession of premises, including premises, unpaid rent IF set forth above, attorney's forental contract, or if not so stated, at the statutory remains and the statutory remains an	luding removal of defendan fees, court costs, and intere ate for judgments under Civ	ts and defendants' p st on the above sum il Statutes Article 50	possessions from the is at the rate stated in the 69-1.05.
I give my consent for the answer and any oth	ner motions or pleadings to	be sent to my emai	l address which is:
Petitioner's Printed Name	Signature of P	aintiff (Landlord/Pro	pperty Owner) or Agent
DEFENDANT(S) INFORMATION (if known):			rty Owner) or Agent
DATE OF BIRTH:			
LAST 3 NUMBERS OF DRIVER LICENSE:	City	State	Zip
LAST 3 NUMBERS OF SOCIAL SECURITY: DEFENDANT'S PHONE NUMBER:	Phone & Fay No.	of Plaintiff (Landlord	/Property Owner)or agent
DEFENDANT 3 PHONE NOWIDER	PHONE & Fax No.	or Plantini (Landiord	/Property Owner for agent
Sworn to and subscribed before me th	nis day of	, 20)
	CLERK OF THE	JUSTICE COURT OR N	NOTARY

NO.	•		
)(IN THE JUSTICE COURT	
)()()()(PRECINCT 5-3	
VS)(
)()(CAMERON COUNTY, TEXAS	
	Д	CAMERON COUNTY, TEXAS	
SERVICEMEMBER	S CIVIL R	RELIEF ACT AFFIDAVIT	
STATE OF TEXAS)(
COUNTY OF CAMERON)()(
BEFORE ME, the undersigned author upon oath deposed and stated:	rity, persor	onally appeared the below-named affiant, who	
I am over the age of eighteen (18) years □ Plaintiff □ Plaintiff's agent	and am con	empetent to make the affidavit. I am the	
in the above-entitled and numbered matter.			
I have			
made a personal investigationpersonally reviewed the business reco	ords of the	Plaintiff	
As a result of the investigation or review is not in the military service on active on active duty	•	belief that the above-named defendant dis not a dependent of a service member	
is in the military service on active du			
□ I have been unable to determine when	ther or not t	the defendant is in the military service on	
I understand that any false statements perjury, and that making a false statement is			
fine and imprisonment.			
DATED this day of			
		Affiant	
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before	re me this _	day of, 20	
		Notary Public	